

PCC TRACKING MOVE REASONS **(for use with moves/discharges on or after 1/1/2009)**

Caretaker Incapacity *(Foster Care programs only, not for use with Residential or ILP programs)*

- 21 Caretaker physical illness/incapacity - Move is due to a change in the physical health of a caretaker making continued placement not suitable.
- 22 Caretaker emotional problem - Move is due to a change in the emotional/mental health of a caretaker making continued placement not suitable.
- 23 Caretaker employment - Move is due to a change in employment of a caretaker making continued placement not suitable.
- 24 Caretaker death - Move is due to the death of a caretaker.
- 25 Caretaker change in life situation - Move is due to a change in life circumstance for a caretaker that is not specified in another "caretaker incapacity" reason and makes continued placement not suitable. For example, a change in the health of a caretaker's relative that requires the caretaker to care for the relative and end the placement.

Caretaker Failure *(Foster Care programs only, not for use with Residential or ILP programs)*

- 26 Caretaker non-compliance with requirements - Move is due to a caretaker not complying with agency (public or private) policy or licensing regulations.
- 27 Caretaker incarceration - Move is due to a caretaker being incarcerated.
- 28 Caretaker abandonment (whereabouts unknown)- Move is due to a caretaker abandoning the child and the caretakers whereabouts are unknown.
- 29 Caretaker relinquishment (rejects child) - Move is due to a caretaker surrendering the child for reasons that are not due to a child behavior problem, and the caretaker's whereabouts are known.
- 30 Caretaker leaves public or private agency: Child moves - The child is moved because a caretaker leaves the agency (public or private) or discontinues fostering. For example, when a caretaker chooses to work for a different agency AND the child moves to a different home. There are no other caretaker reasons for the move.
- 31 Caretaker leaves public or private agency: Child does not move- The caretaker leaves the agency (public or private) and a payment change is needed, but the child is not moved. For example, when a caretaker chooses to work for a different agency AND the child does not move to a different home. There are no other caretaker reasons for the move.

Caretaker Investigation *(Foster Care programs only, not for use with Residential or ILP programs)*

- 32 CPS investigation - Move is due to a CPS investigation being initiated on either a caretaker or member of the caretaker's household.
- 33 APS investigation - Move is due to an APS investigation being initiated on either a caretaker or member of the caretaker's household.
- 34 Criminal investigation - Move is due to a criminal investigation being initiated on either a caretaker or member of the caretaker's household.

Child Behavioral Difficulties

- 35 Property destruction - Move is due primarily to property destruction by the child.
- 36 Aggressive to peers - Move is due primarily to physically aggressive behavior toward peers by the child.
- 37 Aggressive to caregivers - Move is due primarily to physically aggressive behavior toward caregivers by the child.
- 38 Sexual acting out - Move is due primarily to sexual acting out behavior by the child.
- 39 Sexual aggression - Move is due primarily to sexually aggressive behavior by the child towards someone younger, someone unable to consent or by using force.
- 40 Runaway behavior - Move is due primarily to runaway behavior by the child.
- 41 Homicidal ideation/behavior - Move is due primarily to homicidal ideation/behavior by the child.
- 42 Suicidal behavior - Move is due primarily to suicidal ideation/behavior by the child.
- 43 Self abusive behavior - Move is due primarily to physically self abusive behavior by the child, where the intent is not suicidal.
- 44 Substance abuse - Move is due primarily to substance abuse by the child.

- 45 Defiant oppositional behavior- Move is due primarily to defiant/oppositional behavior by the child.
46 Other behavior/emotional problem- Move is due primarily to some other behavioral or emotional problem by the child.

Child Progress Toward Permanency

- 47 Adoptive or pre-adoptive Placement - Move is due to the child being placed in an adoptive or pre-adoptive home.
48 Placement with siblings - Move is due to the child being placed with his/her siblings.
49 Placement closer to home - Move is due to the child being placed closer to home.
50 Placement with non-relative - Move is due to the child being placed with a non-relative adult.
51 Placement with relative - Move is due to the child being placed with a relative or in kinship care.
52 Educational/Vocational Placement - Move is due to child being placed in an educational or vocational setting (e.g., college, Job Corps).
53 Placement with parent - Move is due to the infant child being placed with his/her teenage committed parent.
54 Needs less restrictive care - Move is due to the child making progress, but the reason is not due to one of the other "child progress toward permanency" reasons. For example, a child moving from a residential placement to a foster care placement.
55 Trail home visit - Intent is that the child will not return to the OOHC placement.
56 Released from DCBS Custody - Child is exiting DCBS custody.

Agency or System Move Reason

- 57 Agency non-compliance with contract or licensing - Move is due to the program/home being non-compliant with contract or licensing and may or may not result in program closure. For example, a program could exhibit systemic problems warranting either closure and/or moving all children.
58 Provider voluntarily closes program/service - Move is due to the discontinuance of services by the provider. For example, when an agency closes a unit (does not apply to a single foster home).
59 Needs different/additional specialized services - Move is due to the necessity of obtaining specialized services that are not available in the current placement. For example, when a private agency discovers information about the child which would have caused the private agency to not admit the child had the information been known prior to admission or when the child develops a condition requiring specialized services that are not available in the community.
60 Move from short term temporary placement - Move is made from an intentional temporary placement (e.g., an emergency shelter, crisis stabilization unit, detention, etc.) to a more stable placement.
61 Court orders placement change - Move is due to court order.
62 Dissatisfaction with service delivery - Move is due to the legal guardian's dissatisfaction with delivery of services that does not rise to the level of "Agency non-compliance with contract or licensing". For example, when group therapy has been recommended but not provided.
63 Pre Adoption Disruption - Child placed in pre-adoptive home is moved because the plans for adoption are terminated.